2018 Brazilian Elections

Presidential Candidates' Proposals on Public Security

Jair Bolsonaro (PSL)

Fernando Haddad (PT)

Disarmament Statute

• Reform the Disarmament Statute to **facilitate access to guns**,

supporting the widespread possession of fire arms as a

- Reinforce the tracking of weapons and ammunition and improve gun control policy
- Use intelligence to retrieve weapons
 circulating in patienal and international

| | deterrent to violence Change penal code to guarantee additional legal protections for those who kill in self-defense | circulating in national and international arms trafficking |
|---------------|--|---|
| Policing | Invest in equipment, technology, intelligence, and investigative capacity of police forces Ensure additional legal protections for policemen who kill in the line of duty Favors strict policing | Review the law that created the Single Public Security System (SUSP) to then implement it, redistributing tasks between municipal, state, and federal governments Create a unit within the federal police to fight organized crime |
| Incarceration | Reduce the adult prison age to 16 | Tackle the issue of mass incarceration. |

Advocates for strict prison
 practices, such as prohibiting

temporary releases

- Introduce harsh penalties for violent crimes as a deterrent to violence, such as voluntary chemical castration in exchange for a reduced sentence
- Tackle the issue of mass incarceration, particularly of black and marginalized youth, by providing resources to reduce pressures on the federal prison system

Other

- Typify **invasions of rural and urban**
- Generate work and income for poor

properties in Brazilian territory as terrorism
young people to prevent their involvement in violence and illegal markets
Invest in health and education sectors as a prevention strategy for drug-use
Invest in the armed forces
Create a National Homicide Reduction Plan

Please note: The information is not all-inclusive and serves as a general summary: candidates may have additional policy proposals not included in the table. The following information is drawn primarily from candidates' official platforms, the Roda Viva preliminary interviews, and public statements.



Created by Lara Picanço, Woodrow Wilson Center, Brazil Institute

Sources: Plano de Governo 2019-2022, Coligação O Povo Feliz (PT-PCDOB-PROS); O Caminho da Prosperidade, Proposta de Plano de Governo Bolsonaro 2018; Roda Viva 2018; Valor Econômico; Estadão; El Pais; Poder360.